VUE Key Layout

1 Display Area
2 Soft keys
3 Power Indicator light
4 Arrow keys: UP/DOWN are also used to adjust the screen contrast
5 Axis Keys
6 Numeric Keypad
7 ENTER key
8 CLEAR key
9 Hard function keys

VUE Soft keys

There are two pages of soft key functions to select from the operating modes. Use the LEFT/RIGHT arrow keys to cursor through each page. The page indicator in the Status Bar will show the page orientation. The darkened page indicates the page being displayed.

1 Page Indicator
2 Set / Zero Indicator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Soft Key function</th>
<th>Soft key</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Opens on-screen Help Instructions.</td>
<td>HELP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toggles between Inch, and Millimeter units (see &quot;Units&quot; on page 11).</td>
<td>INCH MM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This soft key toggles between radius and diameter displays. This function is for Turning applications only (see &quot;Diameter Axes&quot; on page 12).</td>
<td>RAD DIA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toggles between Set/Zero functions. Used with individual axis keys (see &quot;Set/Zero Soft Key&quot; on page 13).</td>
<td>SET ZERO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Soft Key function

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Soft Key function</th>
<th>Soft key</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Opens the Job Setup menu and provides access to the Installation Setup soft key (see &quot;Job Setup Parameters&quot; on page 11).</td>
<td>SETUP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press when ready to identify a reference mark (see &quot;ENABLE/DISABLE REF function&quot; on page 9).</td>
<td>ENABLE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Single Axis VUE Tool, and Datum keys

The TOOL, and DATUM keys are soft keys on a single axis VUE. These are hard keys on a 2, and 3 axis VUE. See "VUE Hard Keys" on page 7.

- **TOOL**: Opens the Tool Table. See "Tool Table" on page 14 for Milling. See "Tool Table" on page 30 for Turning.
- **DATUM**: Opens the Datum form to set the datum for each axis. See "Datum Setting" on page 17 for Milling. See "Datum Setting" on page 32 for Turning.
Readout Parameter Access Code

An access code must be entered before machine-related installation parameters can be set or changed. This prevents inadvertent adjustments to the installation setup parameters.

**IMPORTANT!**
The access code is 8891.

Access to Machine Parameter Operations

Refer to the Setup section also.

1. Begin by pressing the SETUP soft key.

2. Press the soft key INSTALLATION SETUP.

3. Press the access code numbers **8891** using the numeric key pad.

4. Press the ENTER key

The readout is now ready for machine parameter setting operations

**IMPORTANT!**
To prevent setup parameters from being changed, remove this page from the Reference Manual after initially setting up the readout system. Retain this information in a safe place for future use.
**Introduction**

**Software Version**

The software version is shown on the initial power up screen.

This User's Manual covers the functions of the VUE for both **milling** and **turning** applications. Operational information is arranged in three sections: General Operations, Mill Specific Operations and Turn Specific Operations.

**VUE**

DRO axis availability.

The VUE DRO is available in **one**, **two**, and **three** axis form. The 3 axis VUE DRO is used throughout this manual for illustration and description of function keys.

**Symbols within Notes**

Every note is marked with a symbol on the left indicating to the operator the type and/or potential severity of the note.

- **General Information**
  e.g. on the behavior of the VUE.

- **Warning**
  e.g. when a special tool is required for a function.

- **Risk of electric shock - Caution - Damage**
  e.g. when opening a housing.

**VUE Fonts**

The following shows how the soft, and hard keys are represented within the text of this manual:

- Soft keys - SETUP soft key
- Hard keys - ENTER hard key
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Warranty Information:

Please go to www.acu-rite.com.
I – 1 Fundamentals of Positioning

Datums
The workpiece drawing identifies a certain point on the workpiece (example: “a corner”) as the absolute datum, and perhaps one, or more other points as relative datums.

The datum setting procedure establishes these points as the origin of the absolute, or relative coordinate systems. The workpiece, which is aligned with the machine axes, is moved to a certain position relative to the tool. The display is set either to zero, or to another appropriate value (e.g., to compensate for tool radius).

Actual Position, Nominal Position, and Distance-To-Go
The position of the tool at any given moment is called the ACTUAL POSITION I, while the position that the tool is to move to is called the NOMINAL POSITION S. The distance from the nominal position to the actual position is called the DISTANCE-TO-GO R.
**Absolute Workpiece Positions**

Each position on the workpiece is uniquely identified by its absolute coordinates.

**Example:** Absolute coordinates of position 1:
- X = 20 mm
- Y = 10 mm
- Z = 15 mm

If you are drilling, or milling a workpiece according to a workpiece drawing with absolute coordinates, the tool is moving to the value of the coordinates.

**Incremental workpiece positions**

A position can also be referenced to the preceding nominal position. In this case the relative datum is always the last nominal position. Such coordinates are referred to as **incremental coordinates** (increment = increase). They are also called incremental, or chain dimensions, since the positions are defined as a chain of dimensions. Incremental coordinates are designated with the prefix I.

**Example:** Incremental coordinates of position 3 referenced to position 2.

Absolute coordinates of position 2:
- X = 10 mm
- Y = 5 mm
- Z = 20 mm

Incremental coordinates of position 3:
- IX = 10 mm
- IY = 5 mm
- IZ = 20 mm

If you are drilling, or milling a workpiece according to a drawing with incremental coordinates, you are moving the tool by the value of the coordinates.
Zero Angle Reference Axis

The Zero Angle Reference Axis is the 0.0° position. It is defined as one of the two axes in the plane of rotation. The following table defines the Zero Angle where the position of the angle is zero for the three possible planes of rotation.

For angular positions, the following reference axes are defined:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plane</th>
<th>Zero Angle Reference Axis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XY</td>
<td>+X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YZ</td>
<td>+Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZX</td>
<td>+Z</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Positive direction of rotation is counterclockwise if the working plane is viewed in the negative tool axis direction.

**EXAMPLE:** Angle in the working plane X / Y

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plane</th>
<th>Zero Angle Reference Axis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+ 45°</td>
<td>... bisecting line between +X and +Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+/- 180°</td>
<td>... negative X axis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- 270°</td>
<td>... positive Y axis</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reading head position

The reading head position provides feedback to the VUE that converts the movement of the machine axes into electrical signals. The VUE constantly evaluates these signals, and calculates the actual positions of the machine axes, which it displays as a numerical value on the screen.

If there is an interruption in power, the calculated position will no longer correspond to the actual position. When power is restored, you can re-establish this relationship by using the reference marks on the provided on the scale. The VUE provides the Reference Mark Evaluation feature (**REF**).
Encoder Reference Marks

Encoders normally contain one or more reference marks which the VUE Reference Mark Evaluation feature uses to re-establish datum positions after a power interruption. There are two main options available for reference marks; fixed and distance-coded.

**Position Trac** (Distance-coded reference marks): Encoders that have marks separated by a specific encryption pattern allows the VUE to use any two pair of marks along the length of the encoder to re-establish the prior datums. This configuration means that the operator only has to travel less than two inches any where along the encoder, to re-establish the datums when the VUE is turned back on.

**Fixed reference marks**: Encoders that have one or more marks on fixed intervals, have to re-establish the datums correctly. It is necessary to use the same exact reference mark, during the Reference Mark Evaluation routine, that was used when the datum was first established.

The established datums’ cannot be restored from one power cycle to the next if the reference marks were not crossed before the datums were set.
I – 2 General Operations for VUE

Screen Layout

Status Bar Symbols:
1. Datum
2. Tool
3. Feed Rate
4. Job Clock
5. Unit of Measure
6. Operating Modes
7. Page Indicator
8. Set/Zero
9. Axis Labels
10. Reference Symbol
11. Soft key Labels
12. Display Area
13. Near Zero Warning (In Distance-To-Go mode only)

The VUE readout provides application-specific features that allows the most productivity from a manual machine tool.

- **Status Bar** - This displays the current datum tool, feed rate, job clock time, unit of measure, operating mode status, page indicator, and set/zero. See Job Setup for details on setting up the Status Bar parameters.

- **Display Area** - Indicates the current position of each axis. Also shows forms fields instruction boxes, error messages, and help topics.

- **Axis Labels** - Indicates axis for corresponding axis key.

- **Ref Symbols** - Indicates current reference mark status.

- **Soft key Labels** - Indicates the various milling, or turning functions.
VUE Hard Keys

Hard keys on the VUE readouts vary depending on the number of axis the readout includes. A one axis readout will only have the first three hard keys shown below. A two, or three axis readout will have all the hard keys shown below.

The last two keys are specific to a VUE readout that is either for milling, or turning. The first symbol applies to a milling readout, and the second symbol applies to a turning readout.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hard Key function</th>
<th>Hard Key Symbol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Switches display between operating modes: Distance-To-Go (Incremental) / Actual Value (Absolute) (see page 10).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="INC/ABS" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used to divide the current position by two (see page 22).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="1/2" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The CALC hard key opens the Calculator functions for standard math, trigonometry, RPM, and Taper (Turning only) functions (see page 34).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="CALC" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The DATUM hard key opens the Datum form to set the datum for each axis (for Milling see page 17, for Turning see page 32).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="DATUM" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The TOOL hard key opens the Tool Table (for Milling see page 14, for Turning see page 30).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="TOOL" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The CIRCLE PATTERN hard key (Mill only) opens the Circle Pattern form. This calculates the hole positions (see page 22).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="CIRCLE PATTERN" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The LINEAR PATTERN hard key (Mill only) opens the Linear Pattern form. This calculates the hole positions (see page 22).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="LINEAR PATTERN" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The INCLINE MILLING hard key (Mill) / VECTORING hard key (Turn) opens the Incline milling forms (see page 25), or the Vectoring form (see page 36).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="INCLINE MILLING" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The ARC MILLING hard key (Mill) / TAPER CALC hard key (Turn) opens the Arc milling forms (see page 25), or the Taper Calc form (see page 34).</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="ARC MILLING" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Power Up

Switch on the power (located on the back). The initial screen will appear. This screen will only appear the very first time the unit is powered up. The following steps may have already been completed by the installer.

- Select the proper language by pressing the LANGUAGE soft key.
- Choose your application of either MILL or TURN. The APPLIC. [MILL/TURN] soft key toggles between these two settings.
- Next, select the number of axes required. When complete, press the ENTER hard key.

If necessary, you can change the application later in Installation Setup under Counter Settings.

The VUE is now ready for the remaining setup requirements. It is now in the operating mode “Absolute”. Each active axis will have a flashing “REF” sign next to it. The following section, “Reference Mark Evaluation”, describes setting up this feature.

Reference Mark Evaluation

The VUE reference mark evaluation feature automatically re-establishes the relationship between axis slide positions, and display values that were last defined by setting the datum.

For each axis with an encoder that has reference marks, the “REF” indicator will flash for that axis. After crossing over the reference marks, the indicator will stop flashing, and change to a non-flashing “REF”. 
**Working without reference mark evaluation**

The VUE can also be used without crossing over the reference marks.

- Press the NO REF soft key to exit the reference mark evaluation routine, and continue.

The reference marks can still be crossed over at a later time if it becomes necessary to define a datum that can be re-established after a power interruption.

- Press the ENABLE REF soft key to activate the position recovery routine.

> If an encoder is setup without reference marks, then the REF indicator will not be displayed, and a datum set from any axis will be lost once power is turned off.

**ENABLE/DISABLE REF function**

The ENABLE/DISABLE soft key, that is present during the position recovery routine, allows the operator to select a specific reference mark on an encoder. This is important when using encoders with Fixed Reference Marks (instead of ones with Position-Trac™ feature). When the DISABLE REF soft key is pressed, the recovery routine is paused, and any reference marks that are crossed during encoder movement are ignored. When the ENABLE REF soft key is then pressed, the recovery routine once again becomes active, and the next crossed reference mark will be selected.

Only cross over the reference marks of all the encoders that are needed.

- Once reference marks for all desired axes are established, press NO REF soft key to cancel out of routine. If all reference marks have been found, the VUE will return to the DRO display screen automatically.
Operating Modes

The VUE has two operating modes: Distance-To-Go (incremental), and Actual Value (absolute). The Distance-To-Go feature enables an approach to nominal positions by traversing to display value zero. When working within the incremental mode, enter nominal coordinates as either incremental, or absolute dimensions. The Actual Value feature always displays the current actual position of the tool, relative to the active datum. In this mode, all moves are made by traveling until the display matches the nominal position that is required.

While in the absolute (Actual Value) mode, if the VUE is configured for Milling applications, only the tool length offsets are active. Both the diameter, and length offsets are used in the incremental (Distance-To-Go) mode to calculate the amount of “distance-to-go” required to get to the desired nominal position relative to the edge of the tool that will be doing the cutting.

If the VUE is configured for turning, all tool offsets are used in both the absolute, and incremental modes.

Press the ABS/INC hard key to toggle between these two modes.

To view other soft key functions in either absolute, or incremental mode, use the LEFT/RIGHT arrow keys.

Setup

VUE offers two categories for setting up operating parameters. These categories are: Installation Setup and Job Setup. The Job Setup parameters are used to accommodate specific machining requirements for each job. Installation Setup is used to establish encoder, display and communication parameters.

The Installation Setup menu is accessed by pressing the SETUP soft key, then the INSTALLATION SETUP soft key. When in the Installation Setup menu, the following soft keys will be available:

- **JOB SETUP**: Press to begin accessing the Job Setup parameters.
- **IMPORT/EXPORT**: Press to begin importing or exporting operating parameters. See “Import/Export” on page 13.
- **HELP**: Will open on-line help.

To view, and change Installation Setup parameters, first press the SETUP soft key, then the INSTALLATION SETUP soft key. Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to highlight the parameters of interest. Press the ENTER key.
Job Setup Parameters

- To view, and change Job Setup parameters, first press the SETUP soft key.
- Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to highlight the parameters of interest.
- press the Enter key.

Units
The Units form is used to specify the preferred display units, and format. The unit of measure can also be selected by pressing the INCH/MM soft key in either Actual Value, or Distance-To-Go mode.

Scale Factor
The scale factor may be used to scale the part up, or down. A scale factor of 1.0 creates a part with the exact size as dimensioned on the print. A scale factor >1 “grows” the part, and <1 “shrinks” the part.
- The scale factor form is accessed by pressing the SETUP softkey, and selecting Scale Factor in the Job Setup form.
- The numeric keys are used to enter a number greater than zero. The number range is 0.1000 to 10.000. A negative value may also be entered.
- The scale factor settings will be retained on a power cycle.
- When the scale factor is a value other than 1, the scaling symbol \(\hat{\nabla}\) is shown on that axis display.
- The ON/OFF soft key is used to disable the current scale factors.

Mirror
A scale factor of -1.00 will produce a mirror image of the part. A part can be both mirror, and scaled at the same time.
Diameter Axes
Select Diameter Axes to set which axes can be displayed in either radius, or diameter values. ON indicates that the axis position will be displayed as a diameter value. When OFF, the Radius/Diameter feature does not apply. For turning applications see page 35 for the Radius/Diameter feature.

- Cursor to Diameter Axes, and press ENTER.
- The Cursor will be in the X axis field. Depending on the parameter needed for that axis press ON/OFF soft key to turn feature on, or off.
- Press ENTER.

Near Zero Warning
The Near Zero Warning form is used to configure the bar graph that is shown below the axes’ display in Distance-To-Go mode. Each axis has its own range.

- Press the ON/OFF soft key to enable, or simply begin entering values using the numeric keys. The current position box will begin moving when the position is within range.

Status Bar Settings
The Status Bar is the segmented bar at the top of the screen which displays current datum, tool, feed rate, job clock, and page indicator.

- Press the ON/OFF soft key for each setting to be displayed.

Job Clock
The job clock shows the hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s). It operates like a stop watch showing elapsed time. (The clock starts timing from 0:00:00).

The elapsed time field shows the total accumulated time from each interval.

- Press the START/STOP soft key. The status field will read RUNNING. Press it again to stop time from elapsing.
- Press RESET to reset the elapsed time. Resetting will stop the clock if it is running.

Pressing the DECIMAL KEY while in operating mode, will also stop, and start the clock. Pressing the ZERO KEY will reset the clock.
Console Adjustment
The LCD’s contrast can be adjusted either by using the soft keys in this form, or by using the UP/DOWN arrow keys on the keypad in either operating mode. The contrast may need to be adjusted due to variations in ambient lighting, and operator preference. This form is also used to set the display saver’s idle time-out. The display saver setting is the amount of time the system is idle before the LCD switches to screen saver mode. The idle time may be set from 30 to 120 minutes. The display saver can be disabled during the current power cycle.

Language
The VUE supports multiple languages. To change the language selection:

- Press the LANGUAGE soft key until the desired language selection appears on the soft key, and the form.
- Press ENTER to confirm the selection.

Import/Export
Job, and Installation Setup parameters can be imported, or exported over the “Regular Type B” USB port.

- Press the IMPORT/EXPORT soft key in the Setup screen.
- Press IMPORT to download operating parameters from a PC.
- Press EXPORT to upload the current operating parameters to a PC.
- To exit, press the C key.

Set/Zero Soft Key
The SET/ZERO soft key is a key that determines the effect of pressing an Axis key. This key is a toggle key, switching the functionality between Set, and Zero. The current state is indicated in the Status Bar.

When the state is Set, and the VUE is in Actual Value mode (ABS), selecting an Axis key opens the Datum form for the selected axis. If the VUE is in Distance-To-Go mode, a Preset form opens.

When the state is Zero, and the VUE is in Actual Value mode, selecting an Axis key sets the current datum for that axis to zero at the current position. If it is in Distance-To-Go mode, the current Distance-To-Go value is set to zero.

If the VUE is in Actual Value mode, and the state of Set/Zero is zero, pressing any Axis key resets the current datum to zero at the current location for that axis.
I – 3 Milling Specific Operations

Key Functions Detailed

This section discusses operations, and soft key functions specific to milling applications only.

Tool Hard Key

This hard key opens the tool table, and provides access to the Tool form for entering a tool’s parameters (a soft key is used on a one axis readout). The VUE can store up to 16 tools within the tool table.

Tool Table

The VUE tool table provides a convenient way to store diameter, and length offset information for each of the tools commonly use.

The following soft keys are also available while in the Tool Table form, or in the individual tool data form:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Soft key</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This key allows the operator to select which axis all the tool length offsets will affect. The tool’s diameter values will subsequently be used to offset the remaining two axes.</td>
<td><img src="Z" alt="Tool Axis" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press to automatically enter the tool offset length. Only available in Tool Length field.</td>
<td><img src="Z" alt="Teach Length" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This will open the Tool Types form for selection. Only available in TYPE field.</td>
<td><img src="Z" alt="Tool Types" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Import/Export

Tool Table information can be imported, or exported over the serial port.

- IMPORT and EXPORT soft keys are available in the Tool Table screen.
- Press IMPORT to download a Tool Table from a PC.
- Press EXPORT to upload a Tool Table to a PC.
- To exit, press the C key.

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2.000</td>
<td>20.000 MM ENGRAVE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>5.000</td>
<td>14.000 MM BORE HD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>25.000</td>
<td>50.000 MM CTR-SINK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>6.000</td>
<td>12.000 MM FL END ML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>10.000</td>
<td>25.000 MM PILOT DRL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2.000</td>
<td>0.000 MM FL END ML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2.500</td>
<td>0.000 MM FL END ML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>3.000</td>
<td>5.000 MM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Table showing tool table information with columns for diameter, length, and description]
Tool Radius Compensation feature
This allows workpiece dimensions to be entered directly from the drawing. The displayed distance to go is then automatically lengthened (R+), or shortened (R–) by the value of the tool radius. For more information see “Presets” on page 19.

The length offset may be entered as a known value, or the VUE may determine the offset automatically. The tool length is the difference in length \( \Delta L \) between the tool, and the reference tool. The length difference is indicated with the “\( \Delta \)” symbol. The reference tool is indicated by T1.

Sign for the length difference \( \Delta L \)
If the tool is longer than the reference tool: \( \Delta L > 0 \) (+).
If the tool is shorter than the reference tool: \( \Delta L < 0 \) (–).

As indicated above it is also possible to have the VUE determine a tool’s length offset. This method involves touching the tip of each tool to a common reference surface. This allows the VUE to determine the difference between the length of each tool.

Move the tool until its tip is touching the reference surface. Press the TEACH LENGTH soft key. The VUE will calculate an offset relative to this surface. Repeat the procedure for each additional tool using the same reference surface.

Only the tools set using the same reference surface may be changed without having to reset the datum.
Calling the Tool from the Tool Table

- To call a tool, press the TOOL hard key.
- Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to Cursor through the selection of tools (1-16). Highlight the tool wanted. See “The following soft keys are also available while in the Tool Table form, or in the individual tool data form:” on page 14, Tool Table form.
- Verify the proper tool has been called, and press the tool, or C key to exit.

Datum Setting

Datum settings define the relationships between the axis positions, and the display values.

Setting datum points can be done by using the VUE probing functions with a tool.

Datum points are set by touching the edges of the workpiece, one after the other with a tool, and manually entering the tool positions as datum points.
**Datum Setting with a Tool**

Using a tool to set datum points can still use the VUE probing functions.

The following probing soft key functions are available:

- Workpiece edge as datum: EDGE soft key
- Centerline between two workpiece edges: CENTER LINE soft key.
- Center of a hole, or cylinder: CIRCLE CENTER soft key.

In all probing functions, VUE takes into account the current tool’s entered tip diameter.

To abort the probing function while it is active, press the C key.

Example: Probe workpiece edge, and set edge as datum

1. Preparation: Set the active tool to the tool that will be used to set the datum.
   - Datum axis: X = 0
   - Tool diameter D = 0.25”

2. Press DATUM hard key.
3. Press the DOWN arrow key until the X axis field is highlighted.
4. Press PROBE soft key.
5. Press EDGE soft key.
6. Touch workpiece edge.
7. Press the TEACH soft key to store the current absolute value while the tool is in contact with the workpiece edge. The location for the touched edge will take into account the diameter of the tool in use (T:1, 2…), and the last direction the tool was moved prior to pressing the TEACH soft key.
8. Retract the tool from the workpiece, enter 0”, and then press ENTER.
Presets

The Preset function allows the operator to indicate the nominal (target) position for the next move. Once the new nominal position information is entered, the display will switch to Distance-To-Go mode, and show the distance between the current position and the nominal position. The operator now only needs to move the table until the display is zero, and he will be at the required nominal position. The information for the location of the nominal position can be entered as an absolute move from the current datum zero, or as an incremental move from the current nominal position.

Presetting also allows the operator to indicate which side of the tool will be doing the machining at the nominal position. The R+/- soft key in the Preset form defines the offset that will be in effect during the move. R+ indicates that the center line of the current tool is in a more positive direction than the edge of the tool. R- indicates that the center line is in a more negative direction than the edge of the current tool. Using R+/- offsets automatically adjusts the distance-to-go value to account for the diameter of the tool.

Absolute Distance Preset

Example: Milling a shoulder by traversing to display value zero using absolute position

The coordinates are entered as absolute dimensions; the datum is the workpiece zero.

- Corner 1: X = 0 / Y = 1
- Corner 2: X = 1.50 / Y = 1
- Corner 3: X = 1.50 / Y = 2.50
- Corner 4: X = 3.00 / Y = 2.50

Pressing an axis key recalls the last entered preset value for that axis.
Preparation:

- Select the tool with the appropriate tool data.
- Pre-position the tool to an appropriate location (such as $X = Y = -1"$).
- Move the tool to milling depth.
- Press the SET/ZERO soft key so that the DRO is still in Set mode.
- Press the Y axis key.
- Enter nominal position value for corner point 1: $Y = 1"$, and select tool radius compensation $R^+$ with $R+/-$ soft key. Press until $R+$ is shown next to axis form.
- Press ENTER.
- Traverse the Y axis until the display value is zero. The square in the near zero warning is now centered between the two triangular marks.
- Press the SET/ZERO soft key so that the DRO is still in Set mode.
- Press the X axis key.
- Enter nominal position value for corner point 2: $X = +1.5"$, select tool radius compensation $R^-$ with $R+/-$ soft key. Press twice until $R-$ is shown next to axis form.
- Press ENTER.
- Traverse the X axis until the display value is zero. The square in the near zero warning is now centered between the two triangular marks.
- Presets can be entered in the same manner for corners 3, and 4.
Incremental Distance Preset

Example: Drilling by traversing to display value zero with incremental positioning.

- Hole 1 at: X = 1” / Y = 1”
- Distance from hole 1 to hole 2: XI = 1.5” / YI = 1.5”
- Hole depth: Z = –0.5”
- Operating mode: DISTANCE-TO-GO (INC)

- Press the X axis key.
- Enter nominal position value for hole 1: X = 1”, and ensure no tool radius is active. Note that these presets are Absolute Presets.
- Press the Y axis key.
- Enter nominal position value for hole 1: Y = 1”.
- Ensure no tool radius compensation is showing.
- Press the Z axis key.
- Enter the nominal position value for the hole depth: Z = -0.5”. Press ENTER hard key.
- Drill hole 1: Traverse the X, Y, and Z axis until the display value is zero. The square in the near zero warning is now centered between the two triangular marks. Retract the drill.

To preset the location for Hole 2:

- Press the X axis key.
- Enter nominal position value for hole 2: X = 1.5”, mark the input as an incremental dimension, press the I soft key.
- Press the Y axis key.
- Enter nominal position value for hole 2: Y = 1.5”, mark the input as an incremental dimension, press the I soft key.
- Press ENTER.
- Traverse the X, and Y axes until the display value is zero. The square in the near zero warning is now centered between the two triangular marks.
To preset the Z axis:
- Press the Z axis key.
- Press the ENTER key (use last entered preset).
- Drill hole 2: Traverse Z axis until the display value is zero. The square in the near zero warning is now centered between the two triangular marks.
- Retract the drill.

1/2 Hard Key
The 1/2 hard key is used to find the centerline (or midpoint) between two locations along a selected axis of a workpiece. This can be performed in either Actual Value, or Distance-To-Go mode.

Circle, and Linear Pattern
This section describes the hole pattern functions for Circle, and Linear patterns.

Press the CIRCLE PATTERN, or LINEAR PATTERN hard key to access the Pattern function then enter the required data. VUE then calculates the positions of all the holes, and displays the pattern graphically on the screen.

The View Graphic enables verification of the hole pattern before any machining starts. It is also useful when: selecting holes directly, executing holes separately, and skipping holes.

Functions for milling pattern soft keys

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Soft key</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the VIEW soft key to see the layout of the current pattern.</td>
<td>VIEW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press to go to previous hole.</td>
<td>PREVIOUS HOLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press to manually advance to the next hole.</td>
<td>NEXT HOLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press to use the current absolute position.</td>
<td>TEACH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press to end drilling.</td>
<td>END</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Circle pattern
Example: Enter data, and execute a circle pattern.
- Holes (no. of): 4
- Coordinates of center: X = 2.0” / Y = 1.5”
- Bolt circle radius: 5
- Start angle: Angle between X axis, and first hole: 25°
- Hole depth: Z = -0.25”

1st step: Enter data
- Press CIRCLE PATTERN hard key.
- Enter the type of circle pattern (full). Cursor to the next field.
- Enter the number of holes (4).
- Enter the X, and Y coordinates of the circle center (X=2.0), (Y=1.5). Cursor to the next field.
- Enter the radius of the circle pattern (5).
- Enter the start angle (25°).
- Enter the end angle (295°) (this can only be changed if entering a “segment”). The End Angle is defined as the angle from the positive X-axis to the end of the pattern.
- Enter the depth when needed. The depth of the hole is optional, and may be left blank. If not required, press ENTER.
- Three views are available: Incremental DRO, Pattern Graphic, and Absolute DRO. Press the VIEW soft key to toggle through the available screens.

2nd step: Drill
- Move to hole:
- Traverse the X, and Y axes until display value zero.
- Drill:
- Traverse to display value zero in the tool axis. After drilling, retract the drill in tool axis.
- Press the NEXT HOLE soft key.
- Continue to drill the remaining holes in the same way.
- When the pattern is complete, press the END soft key.
Linear Pattern
Information required:
- Linear pattern type (array, or frame)
- First hole (1st hole of the pattern)
- Holes per row (number of holes in each row of pattern)
- Hole spacing (the spacing, or offset between each hole in the row)
- Angle (the angle, or rotation of the pattern)
- Depth (the target depth for drilling in the tool axis)
- Number of rows (number of rows in the pattern)
- Row spacing (the spacing between each row of the pattern)

Information entry, and operation of the Linear Pattern feature is very similar to the Hole Pattern feature described earlier.
**Incline & Arc Milling**

The incline, and arc milling features provide ways to machine a flat diagonal surface (incline milling), or a rounded surface (arc milling) using a manual machine.

The following soft keys are also available while in the Entry Form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Soft key</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press this to select a plane.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="PLANE (XY)" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press to use the current absolute position.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="TEACH" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press to return to the previous step.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="PREVIOUS STEP" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press to advance to the next step.</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="NEXT STEP" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Incline Milling

Entry Form:

- The Incline Milling form is used to specify the flat surface to be milled. Press the INCLINE MILLING hard key to open the form.
- Plane - Select the plane by pressing the PLANE soft key. The current selection is shown on the soft key, and in the plane field. The graphic in the message box aids in selecting the correct plane.
- Start Point: Enter the coordinates of the start point, or press teach to set the coordinate to the current position.
- End Point: Enter the coordinates of the end point, or press teach to set the coordinate to current position.
- Step: Enter the step size. When milling, this is the distance between each pass, or each step along the line.

The Step size is optional. If the value is zero, the operator decides at run-time how far to move between each step.

- Press ENTER, to execute the surface milling operation.
- Press C to exit the form without executing. Settings are retained until power is turned off.

Executing the Incline Milling feature

- Execute the milling operation by opening the entry form, and pressing the enter key. The screen switches to the incremental DRO view.
- Initially, the DRO shows the current incremental moving distance from the start point. Move to the start point and make a plunge cut, or the first pass across the surface.
- Press the NEXT PASS soft key to continue with the next step along the contour. After pressing next pass, the incremental display shows the distance from the next step along the line’s contour.
- If no step size was specified, the incremental display always shows the distance from the closest point on the line. To follow the contour, move the two axes in small steps, keeping the (X, Y) positions as close to 0 as possible.
When executing a surface milling operation, three views are available: incremental DRO, contour, and absolute DRO. Press the VIEW soft key to toggle through the available screens.

The contour view shows the position of the tool relative to the milling surface. When the crosshair representing the tool is on the line representing the surface, the tool is in position. The tool crosshair remains fixed in the center of the graph. As the table is moved, the surface line moves.

Press the END soft key to exit the milling operation.

Tool radius compensation is applied based on the radius of the current tool. If the plane selection involves the tool axis, the tool tip is assumed to have a ball end.

The tool offset direction (R+, or R-) is applied based on the tool position. The operator must approach the contour surface from the appropriate direction for tool compensation to be correct.
Arc Milling
Entry Form:

The Arc Milling form is used to specify a curved surface to be milled. Press the ARC milling hard key to open the form.

- Plane Selection: Select the plane by pressing the PLANE soft key. The current selection is shown on the soft key, and in the plane field. The graphic in the message box aids in selecting the correct plane.
- Center Point: Enter the coordinates of the arc’s center point.
- Start Point: Enter the coordinates of the start point.
- End Point: Enter the coordinates of the end point.
- Radius: Enter the radius of the arc.
- Step: Enter the step size. When milling, this is the distance along the circumference of the arc between each pass, or step along the arc’s contour.

Press ENTER to execute the milling operation.
Press C to exit the form without executing. Settings are retained until power is turned off.

Executing the Arc Milling feature

- Execute the milling operation by opening the entry form, and pressing the ENTER key. The screen switches to the incremental DRO view.
- Initially, the DRO shows the current incremental distance from the start point. Move to the start point, and make a plunge cut, or the first pass across the surface. Press the NEXT PASS soft key to continue with the next step along the contour.
- After pressing NEXT PASS, the incremental display shows the distance from the next step along the arc’s contour.
- If no step size was specified, the incremental display always shows the distance from the closest point on the arc. To follow the contour, move the two axes in small steps, keeping the (X, Y) positions as close to 0 as possible.

The Step size is optional. If the value is zero, the operator decides at run-time how far to move between each step.
When executing a surface milling operation, three views are available: incremental DRO, contour, and absolute DRO. Press the VIEW soft key to toggle through the available screens.

The contour view shows the position of the tool relative to the milling surface. When the crosshair representing the tool is on the line representing the surface, the tool is in position. The tool crosshair remains fixed in the center of the graph. As the table is moved, the surface line moves.

Press the END soft key to exit the milling operation.

Tool radius compensation is applied based on the radius of the current tool. If the plane selection involves the tool axis, the tool tip is assumed to have a ball end.

The tool offset direction (R+, or R-) is applied based on the tool position. The operator must approach the contour surface from the appropriate direction for tool compensation to be correct.
I – 4 Turning Specific Operations

Key Functions Detailed

This section discusses operations specific to turning applications only.

Tool Table
The VUE can store the dimensional offsets for up to 16 tools. When changing a workpiece, and establish a new datum, all tools are automatically referenced from the new datum.

Before a tool can be used, enter its offset (the cutting edge position). Tool offsets can be set using the Tool/Set, or Lock Axis features. See the following examples for instructions on Tool Offsetting.

Tool Display Icon
The Ø icon is used to indicate that the displayed value is a diameter value. No icon visible indicates that the display is a radius value.

Setting Tool Offsets with Tool/Set
Example 1: Using Tool/Set
The Tool/Set operation can be used to set a tool’s offset using a tool when the diameter of the workpiece is known.

Touch the known diameter in the X axis (1).
Press the TOOL hard key.
Scroll to the desired tool.
Press the ENTER key.
Select the X axis key.
Enter the position of the tool tip, for example, X=.100. Remember to ensure the VUE is in diameter display mode (Ø) if a diameter value is used.
Touch the workpiece face with the tool.
Cursor to the Z axis (2), then set the position display for the tool tip to zero, Z=0.
Press ENTER.
Import/Export
Tool Table information can be imported, or exported over the serial port.
- IMPORT and EXPORT soft keys are available in the Tool Table screen.
- Press IMPORT to download a Tool Table from a PC.
- Press EXPORT to upload a Tool Table to a PC.
- To exit, press the C key.

Setting Tool Offsets with Lock Axis Function
Example 2: LOCK AXIS

The LOCK AXIS function can be used to set a tool’s offset when a tool is under load, and the diameter of the workpiece is not known.

The LOCK AXIS function is useful when determining tool data by touching the workpiece. To avoid losing the position value when the tool is retracted to measure the workpiece, this value can be stored by pressing LOCK AXIS.

To use the LOCK AXIS function:
- Press the TOOL hard key.
- Select tool, and press ENTER.
- Press the X axis key.
- Turn a diameter in the X axis.
- Press the LOCK AXIS soft key while the tool is still cutting.
- Retract from the current position.
- Turn the spindle off, and measure the workpiece diameter.
- Enter the measured diameter, or radius, and press ENTER.
  Remember to ensure the VUE is in diameter display mode (Ø).

Calling a Tool from the Tool Table
- To call a tool, press the TOOL hard key.
- Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to cursor through the selection of tools (1-16). Highlight the tool wanted.
- Verify the proper tool has been called, and press either the USE TOOL soft key, or the C key to exit.
Datum Setting
See “Datum Setting” on page 32 for basic information. Datum settings define the relationships between the axis positions, and the display values. For most lathe operations there is only one X-axis datum, the center of the chuck, but it may be helpful to define additional datums for the Z-axis. The table can hold up to 10 datum points. The easiest way to set datum points is to touch a workpiece at a known diameter, or location, then enter that dimension as the value that the display should be showing.

Example: Setting a workpiece datum
- Call the tool data by selecting the tool which being used to touch the workpiece.
- Press the DATUM hard key. The Cursor will be in the Datum Number field.
- Enter the datum number, and press the DOWN ARROW key to go to the X-axis field.
- Touch the workpiece at point 1.
- Enter the radius, or diameter of the workpiece at that point. Remember to ensure the VUE is in diameter display mode (Ø) if a diameter value is used.
- Press the DOWN ARROW key to advance to the Z axis.
- Touch the workpiece surface at point 2.
- Enter the position of the tool tip (Z=0) for the Z coordinate of the datum.
- Press ENTER.
Setting Datums using LOCK AXIS Function

The Lock Axis function is useful for setting a datum when a tool is under load, and the diameter of the workpiece is not known.

To use the Lock Axis function:

- Press the DATUM hard key. The Cursor will be in the Datum Number field.
- Enter the datum number, and press the DOWN ARROW key to go to the X axis field.
- Turn a diameter in the X axis.
- Press the LOCK AXIS soft key while the tool is still cutting.
- Retract from the current position.
- Turn the spindle off, and measure the workpiece diameter.
- Enter the measured diameter, for example, 1.5”, and press ENTER.
Taper Calculator Hard Key

Use the taper calculator to calculate taper angle.

Calculate tapers either by entering dimensions from a print, or by touching a tapered workpiece with a tool, or indicator.

Entry values:

For the taper ratio, calculation requires:
- Length of the taper
- Change in the radius of the taper.

For taper calculation using both diameters (D1, D2), and length requires:
- Starting diameter
- End diameter
- Length of the taper

Using Taper Calculator

- Press the CALC hard key: The soft key selection now changes to include the taper calculator functions.
- To calculate the taper angle using two diameters, and length between, press the taper: ди/D2/l soft keys.
- First taper point, diameter 1, either enter a point using the numeric keys, and press enter, or touch the tool to one point, and press note.
- Repeat this for the diameter 2 field. When using the NOTE key, the taper angle is automatically calculated. When entering data numerically, enter data into the length field, and press ENTER: The taper angle will appear in the angle field.
- To calculate angles using the ratio of the diameter, change to length, and press the taper: RATIO soft key.
- Using the numeric keys, enter data into the ENTRY 1, and ENTRY 2 fields.
- Press ENTER after each selection: The calculated ratio, and the angle will appear in their respective fields.
Presets

The functionality has been explained previously in this manual (See "Presets" on page 19). The explanation, and examples on those pages are based on a mill application. The basics of those explanations are the same for turning applications with two exceptions; Tool Diameter Offsets (R+/−), and Radius vs. Diameter inputs.

Tool diameter offsets have no applications with turning tools, so this functionality is not available while doing turning presets.

Input values can be either radius, or diameter values. It is important to be sure the units being entered for the preset agree with the state that the display is currently using. A diameter value is shown with a (Ø) symbol. The state of the display can be changed using the RAD/DIA soft key (available in both operating modes).

RADIUS/DIAMETER Soft Key

Drawings for lathe parts usually give diameter values. VUE can display either the radius, or the diameter. When the diameter is being displayed, the diameter symbol (Ø) is shown next to the position value.

Example:

- Radius display, position 1, X = .50
- Diameter display, position 1, X = Ø 1.0

Press the RAD/DIA soft key to switch between radius display, and diameter display.
Vectoring
Vectoring breaks down the movement of the compound axis into the crossfeed, or longitudinal axes. When turning threads for example, vectoring provides the diameter of the thread in the X-axis display, even though the cutting tool is moving with the compound axis handwheel. With vectoring enabled, the desired radius, or diameter in the X-axis can be preset, allowing “machine to zero”.

When vectoring is used, the top slide (compound) axis encoder must be assigned to the bottom display axis. The crossfeed component of movement of the axis will then be shown in the top display axis. The longitudinal component of movement of the axis will be shown in the middle display axis.

- Press the VECTORING hard key.
- Press the ON soft key to enable the vectoring feature.
- Arrow down to the Angle field to enter the angle between the longitudinal slide, and top slide with 0° indicating the top slide is moving parallel to the longitudinal slide.
- Press ENTER.
Coupling

Press the numeric keys associated with the encoder input on the back of the unit. Press the + or - soft keys to couple a second input with the first. The input numbers are displayed next to the axis label indicating that the position is a coupled position (i.e. “2 + 3”).

Z Coupling (turning applications only)

The VUE Turning application provides a quick method for coupling the Z₀ and Z axis position on a 3 axis system. The display can be coupled in either the Z, or Z₀ displays.
Enabling Z Coupling

To couple the Z₀ and Z axis, and have the result displayed on the Z₀ display, press and hold the Z₀ key approximately 2 seconds. The sum of the Z positions will be displayed on the Z₀ display, and the Z display will be blanked.

To couple the Z₀ and Z axis, and have the result displayed on the Z display, press and hold the Z key for approximately 2 seconds. The sum of the Z positions will be displayed on the Z display, and the Z₀ display will be blanked. The coupling is preserved in between power cycles.

Disabling Z Coupling

To disable Z Coupling, press the axis key of the display that is blank. The individual Z₀ and Z display positions will be restored.

Moving either Z₀, or Z inputs will update the coupled Z position.

When a position is coupled, the reference mark for both encoders must be found in order to recall the previous datum.
II – 1 Installation Setup

Installation Setup Parameters

Installation Setup is accessed by pressing the SETUP soft key, which brings up INSTALL. SETUP soft key.

Installation Setup parameters are established during the initial installation, and most likely, will not often change. For this reason, the installation setup parameters are protected by the passcode. See “Readout Parameter Access Code” on page v.

After entering the Access Code, the cursor will default to the Encoder Setup field upon opening Installation Setup.

Job, and Installation Setup parameters can be imported, or exported over the “Regular Type B” USB port.

Exporting the current Installation Setup:

► Press the IMPORT/EXPORT soft key in the Setup screen.
► Press EXPORT to upload the current operating parameters to a PC.
► To exit, press the C key.

Importing a new Tool Table

► Press the IMPORT soft key in the Setup screen.
► Press IMPORT to download operating parameters from a PC.
► To exit, press the C key.
Encoder Setup

The Encoder Setup form is used to set the encoder resolution, and type (linear, rotary), count direction, reference mark type.

- Press ENTER. This opens a list of possible encoder inputs.
- Scroll to the encoder to be changed, and press ENTER.
- Cursor will be in the Encoder Type field. Select the encoder type by pressing the LINEAR/ROTARY soft key.
- For linear encoders, cursor to the Resolution field and use the COARSER, or FINER soft keys to select the encoder’s resolution (in µm 10, 5, 2, 1, 0.5). The exact resolution can also be entered using the numeric key pad. For rotary encoders, enter the number of counts per revolution.
- In the Reference Mark field, toggling the REF MARK soft key selects whether the encoder has no reference signal with NONE, single reference mark with the SINGLE or with the P-TRAC soft key for encoders with the Position-Trac™ feature.
- In the Count Direction field, select the count direction by pressing the POSITIVE, or NEGATIVE soft key. If the encoder’s count direction matches the user’s count direction, select positive. If the directions do not match, select negative.
- In the Error Monitor field, select whether the system will monitor, and display encoder errors by selecting ON, or OFF. When an error message occurs, press the C key to remove it.

The encoder resolution and count direction can also be established by just moving each axis.
Display Configuration

The Display Configuration form is where the operator determines which axes are displayed, and in what order.

- Scroll to the desired display and press ENTER.
- Press the ON/OFF soft keys to turn the display on, or off. Press the RIGHT/LEFT arrow keys to select the axis label.
- Scroll to the Input field.
- Scroll to the Display Resolution field. Press the COARSER, or FINER soft keys to select the display resolution.
- Scroll to the Angle Display field if the encoder type is set to Rotary. Press the ANGLE soft key to display the position as 0° - 360°, ± 180°, ± infinity, or RPM.

Error Compensation

The distance a cutting tool travels, measured by an encoder, can in certain cases, differ from the actual tool travel. This error can occur due to ball screw pitch error or deflection and tilting of axes. This error can either be linear, or non-linear. These errors can be determined with a reference measurement system, ex. gauge blocks, laser, etc. From an analysis of the error, it can be determined which form of compensation is required, linear, or non-linear error.

The VUE provides the opportunity to compensate for these errors, and each axis can be programmed separately with the appropriate compensation.

⚠️ Error compensation is only available when using linear encoders.
Linear Error Compensation

Linear error compensation can be applied, if the results of the comparison with a reference standard show a linear deviation over the whole measuring length. In this case the error can be compensated by the calculation of a single correction factor.

To calculate the linear error compensation use this formula:

Correction factor \( \text{LEC} = \frac{(S - M)}{M} \times 10^6 \text{ ppm} \) with

- \( S \) measured length with reference standard
- \( M \) measured length with device at axis

Example:

If the length of the standard used is 500 mm, and the measured length along the X-axis is 499.95, then the LEC for the X-axis is 100 parts per million (ppm).

\[
\text{LEC} = \frac{(500 - 499.95)}{499.95} \times 10^6 \text{ ppm} = 100 \text{ ppm} 
\]

(rounded to the nearest whole number).

Once determined, the encoder’s error information is entered directly. Press the TYPE soft key to select LINEAR compensation.

Enter the compensation factor in parts per million (rpm) and press the ENTER key.
Non-Linear Error Compensation
Non-linear error compensation should be applied, if the results of the comparison with a reference standard show an alternating or oscillating deviation. The required correction values are calculated and entered in a table. VUE supports up to 200 points per axis. The error value between two entered adjacent correction points is calculated with linear interpolation.

Starting a Non-linear Error Compensation Table
- Select Non-linear by pressing the TYPE soft key.
- To start a new error compensation table, first press the EDIT TABLE soft key.
- All correction points (up to 200) are equally spaced from the start point. Enter the distance between each of the correction points. Press the DOWN arrow key.
- Enter the table’s start point. The start point is measured from the scale’s reference point. If this distance is not known, move to the location of the start point, and press TEACH POSITION. Press ENTER.

Configuring the Compensation Table
- Press the EDIT TABLE soft key to view the table entries.
- Use the Up or Down arrow keys or the numeric keys to move the cursor to the correction point to be added or changed. Press ENTER.
- Enter the known error which exists at this point. Press ENTER.
- When completed, press C key to exit the table and return to the Error Compensation form.

Reading the Graph
The error compensation table may be viewed in table or graphical formats. The graph shows a plot of a translation error vs. measured value. The graph has a fixed scale. As the cursor is moved through the form, the location of the point on the graph is indicated with a vertical line.
**Viewing the Compensation Table**
- Press the EDIT TABLE soft key.
- To switch between the table and graph views, press the VIEW soft key.
- Press the Up or Down arrow keys or the numeric keys to move the cursor within the table.

The error compensation table data may be saved to or loaded from a PC via the USB port.

**Exporting the Current Compensation Table**
- Press the EDIT TABLE soft key
- Press the IMPORT/EXPORT soft key.
- Press the EXPORT TABLE soft key.

**Importing a New Compensation Table**
- Press the EDIT TABLE soft key.
- Press the IMPORT/EXPORT soft key.
- Press the IMPORT TABLE soft key.

**Backlash Compensation**

When using a rotary encoder with a lead screw, a change in direction of the table might cause an error in the displayed position due to clearances within the lead screw assembly. This clearance is referred to as backlash. This error can be compensated for by inputting the amount of backlash within the lead screw into the Backlash Compensation feature.

If the rotary encoder is ahead of the table (displayed value is greater than the table’s true position), this is called positive backlash and the value entered should be the positive value of the amount of error.

No Backlash Compensation is 0.000.

---

**Backlash Compensation Settings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BACKLASH COMP.</th>
<th>Specify the amount of backlash between the encoder and the machine.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>INPUT 1</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INPUT 2</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INPUT 3</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ON | OFF | HELP**

---
Counter Settings

The Counter Settings feature is the parameter where the operator defines the user application for the readout. The choices are for milling or turning applications.

A FACTORY DEFAULT soft key appears in the Counter Settings choice of options. When pressed, the configuration parameters (based on either mill or turn) will be reset to factory defaults. The operator will be prompted to press YES to set parameters to factory default settings or NO to cancel and return to previous menu screen.

The Number of Axes field sets the number of axes needed. A 1, 2, or 3 soft key will appear to choose between either 1, 2 or 3 axes.

The Position Recall feature, when it is “ON”, will store the last position of each axis when power was turned off and then redisplay that position once power is turned back on.

Note that any movement that occurs while power is off will be lost. Whenever power has been off it is recommended to re-establish workpiece datums using the Reference Mark Evaluation procedure. See "Reference Mark Evaluation" on page 8.

Diagnostics

The Diagnostic menu provides access for testing the keypad and edge finders.

Keypad Test
An image of the keypad provides an indication when a switch is pressed and released.

➢ Press each hard and soft key to test. A dot will appear on each key when it has been pressed indicating that it is operating properly.
➢ Press the C key two times to exit the keypad test.

Display Test
➢ To test the display, press the enter key to set the display to solid black, solid white, and back to normal.
II – 2 Installation and Electrical Connections

Installation

The DRO is mounted to a tilt/swivel feature: See "Dimensions" on page 48.

Electrical requirements

Voltage 100 - 240 Vac
Power 25 VA max.
Frequency 50/60 Hz (+/- 3Hz)
Degree of protection (EN 60529) IP 40 back panel
IP 54 front panel
Fuse 500 mA/250 Vac, 5 mm x 20 mm, Slo-Blo (line and neutral fused)

Environmental

Operating temperature 0° to 45°C (32° to 113°F)
Storage temperature -20° to 70°C (-4° to 158°F)
Mechanical weight 2.6 kg (5.2 lb.)
Protective earthing (grounding)

It is necessary to connect the protective conductor terminal on the rear panel to the star point of machine ground.

Preventative maintenance

No special preventative maintenance is necessary. For cleaning, wipe lightly with a dry lint-free cloth.
II – 3 Dimensions

Overview

Dimensions in inches/mm

Top view with Dimensions

Front view with Dimensions

Back view

Accessory ID Number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID Number</th>
<th>Accessory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>627052-01</td>
<td>Pkgd, Mounting Base</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The DRO mounting base incorporates a slot feature that prevents the lock nut from turning. Pre-attach the mounting bolt and slip it into the base. Secure the DRO by tightening the handle.
DRO mounting with arm (reference information)

- DRO mounting with base

Tilt / Swivel Feature (included with DRO)

M8 x 20 mm Hex Head Screw (included with Mounting base option)

M8 Tightening handle (included with Mounting base option)

Mounting base option accessory (not included with DRO)
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